

58

$$a) T = \int_0^{24} R(t) dt$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 (9.6 + 2(10.3) + 2(10.4) + \dots + 9.6)$$

= 253.2 gallons of water came out of the pipe in a 24 hr period.

b) Yes;  $\frac{R(24) - R(0)}{24 - 0} = 0$ . MVT says there is a point  $c$  in  $[0, 24]$  s.t.  $R'(c) = 0$

c) Ave(Q) =  $\frac{1}{24} \int_0^{24} Q(t) dt = 10.58 \text{ gal/hr}$

59  $f'(x) = ax^2 + bx$   $f'(x) = 2ax + b = 6$   
 $-6 = a + b$   $2a + b = 6$   
 $b = 6 - 2a$

$-6 = a + 6 - 2a$   
 $a = 12$   
 $b = -18$

$f'(x) = 12x^2 - 18x$   
 $f(x) = 4x^3 - 9x^2 + C$

60 a)  $\int_1^4 f(t) dt = 2$   
 $\int_1^{-2} f(t) dt = -\frac{9}{2}$  } area

b)  $g'(2) = f(2) = 1$

c) min at  $x = -2$   
 $g(-2) = -\frac{9}{2}$

d) at  $x = 1$

$g'(x) = f'(x)$

since  $f'(x)$  has a sign change at  $x = 1$ ,



$\int_1^2 [4x^3 - 9x^2 + c] dx = 14$   
 $[x^4 - 3x^3 + cx]^2 = 14$   
 $(16 - 24 + 2c) - (1 - 3 + c) = 14$   
 $c = 20$   
 $f(x) = 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 20$